phonicspelling Dyad "Information Gap" Activities for Adults

Adult language learners are different from children in many ways: their awareness of their identity, their experience and knowledge, their eagerness to learn, their sense of practicality and purpose, and so on. Especially in subject matter areas often taught to children—such as phonics, spelling, and vocabulary, it's important for older learners to have access to effective materials and procedures that respect and address their abilities, interests, and needs.

Better than traditional lecture, exercise, and testing methodologies, collaborative learning activities such as dyad (paired) activities tend to engage older learners. The attached five pages of *Dyad "Information Gap" Activities* to practice *Vowel and Consonant Sounds & Spellings* are typical. To make productive use of them, participants work in pairs or small groups, taking responsibility not only for their own learning success but also for that of their classmates, co-learners, or colleagues. Teachers and tutors can then act as "(native-speaker) informants," giving "students" the helpful information, models, and correction they need only when asked.

Make as many one-sided or two-sided copies of each page as desired—at least one for each pair of learners. You may wish to cut off the shaded "Answer Key Strip" at the bottom for your own and/or for participants' reference only when needed for ideas or a spell-check.

The two identical halves of each page, left and right, can be cut apart on the dotted line and given to each partner—or the page can be left intact for each person to use several times in different ways.

The given directions can be followed as is and/or adapted to various situations at different times. For instance, a whole page, a vertical half, or even a single column can function as a quick "phonics quiz."

Dyad "Information Gap" Activities in this simple, multi-purpose format have many advantages in word-level instruction. They enable older learners who can "multitask" to practice related practical skills during the same "lesson"—reading aloud, articulating clearly, listening closely, cooperating verbally, printing alphabet letters, spelling orally, and so on. They promote self-monitoring and awareness of others.

The engage and motivate participants by "merging teaching with learning" demonstrating that people can learn best what they share with or "teach" to others.

And of course, both teachers and learners can produce their own *Dyad "Information Gap" Materials* in this or a similar design—with any useful word-level content.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON A: Complexe merits r5:10 focusar by periting the voreal latters a s. c. a (i.e. w)-shore and/or consounts. C-constant of the periting the voreal periters for event advanced only. Don't change the periters for event advanced only. Don't change the periters in the voreal advanced only. Don't change the periters in the voreal only and the voreal of the the periters in the voreal of the second only of the the periters in the focus of the voreal of the the periters by our council as of the periters of the second periters in your careful as 2. The second of the second periters is your Council as 2. The second of the second periters is your council as 2. The second of the second period of the second peride of the second period of the second period of the seco		Instructions ron Person 8: Complete limits - 5.4% or Cursus to printing the rooms listens a, e, i, o, i c, a, y,actors and/or comonants. Constant only and and/or consequited by adding latents for usual round role, Cont Cons- mentation of the room of the room of the room of the by adding latents in history constant of the room the missing latents in history Course 1 words. When the missing latents in history Course 1 words. When the missing latents in year Course 1 words. When the missing latents is year Course 1 words. When the missing latent is year Course 2.1 there are the mission of the size is year Course 2.1 there are the mission of the size is year Course 2.1 there are	
COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2
1. s	1. s	1. 5	1. s
2. p s	2.p s	2.p s	2.p s
3.f t	3.f +	3.f t	3.f t
4. w II	4 11	4. w II	4. w II
5. wh	5. wh I	5. wh 1	5. wh 1
6. p r	6.p r	6.p r	6.p r
l st	7.1 st	7.1 st	7.1 st
8.p ck	8. p ck	8.p ck	8.p ck
9. m ss	9. m ss	9. m ss	9. m ss
10. p c	10. p c	10. p c	10. p c
1.g s	11. g s	11. g s	11. g s
2. w r	12. w r	12. w r	12. w r
3. t	13. t	13. t	13. t
1.c p	14. c p	14. c p	14. c p
1 s ng	15. s ng 1	15. s ng	15. s ng

phonicfpelling Dyad "Information Gap" Vowel Sounds & Spellings I

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON A:

Complete *Items 1-15* in COLUMN 1 by printing the vowel letters *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, *u* (+ *w*, *y*)—alone and/or in combination—between and/or after the given consonants. Create only *real words* of one-syllable by adding letters for *vowel sounds* only. Don't change any consonants. EXAMPLES: 1. <u>saw</u> 2. <u>poise</u> 3. f<u>ough</u>t**

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If there are differences in spelling, figure out why.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON B:

Complete *Items* 1-15 in COLUMN 1 by printing the vowel letters *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, *u* (+ *w*, *y*)—alone and/or in combination—between and/or after the given consonants. Create only *real words* of one-syllable by adding letters for *vowel sounds* only. Don't change any consonants. EXAMPLES: 1. *sea* 2. *pays* 3. *fit*

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If there are differences in spelling, figure out why.

COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2
1. s	1. s	1. s	1.s
2.p s	2.p s	2.p s	2.p s
3.f t	3.f t	3.f t	3.f t
4. w II	4. w II	4. w II	4. w II
5. wh I	5. wh I	5. wh I	5. wh I
6.p r	6.p r	6.p r	6.p r
7.I st	7.I st	∎ 7.I st	7.I st
8.p ck	8.p ck	8.p ck	8.p ck
9. m ss	9. m ss	9. m ss	9. m ss
10.р с	10.р с	■ 10. p c	10.р с
11.g s	11. g s	11. g s	11. g s
12. w r	12. w r	■ 12. w r	12. w r
13. t	13. t	13. t	13. t
14.с р	14.с р	■ 14. c p	14.с р
15.s ng	15.s ng	15.s ng	15.s ng

MOST LIKELY WORDS FOR ITEMS 1-15: 1. say, see, sea, sigh**, so, sew, sue, sow, soy2. pause, pays, peas, pies, pose, poise3. fat, fit,foot, fought**, fate, feet, fight**4. wall, well, will, wool, wail5. whale, wheel, while, whole6. par, per, pair, peer, pair, peer, pier, pore, pour,poor, power7. last, lest, list, lost, lust, least8. pack, peck, pick, puck9. mass, mess, miss, moss10. pic, pace, piece, peace11. gas, geese, guise, goes, goose12. war, were, ware, wear, wire, wore13. at, it, ate, eat, oat, out14. cap, cop, cup, cape, cope,coop15. sang, sing, singe, song, sung** = This word contains silent consonant letters that are part of its vowel sound.

phonicfpelling Dyad "Information Gap" Vowel Sounds & Spellings II

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON A:

Complete *Items 16-30* in COLUMN 1 by printing the vowel letters *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, *u* (+ *w*, *y*)—alone and/or in combination—between and/or after the given consonants. Create only *real words* of one-syllable by adding letters for *vowel sounds* only. Don't change any consonants. EXAMPLES: 16. *show* 17. *lack* 18. *hawk*

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If there are differences in spelling, figure out why.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON B:

Complete *Items 16-30* in COLUMN 1 by printing the vowel letters *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, *u* (+ *w*, *y*)—alone and/or in combination—between and/or after the given consonants. Create only *real words* of one-syllable by adding letters for *vowel sounds* only. Don't change any consonants. EXAMPLES: 16. *shy* 17. *lock* 18. *hike*

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If there are differences in spelling, figure out why.

COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2		COLUMN 2
16. sh	16. sh	■ 16. sh	16. sh
17. I ck	17. I ck	17. I ck	17.1 ck
18.h k	18.h k	■ 18. h k	18.h k
19. ch r	19. ch r	19. ch r	19. ch r
20. th s	20. th s	20. th s	20. th s
21. gr t	21. gr t	21. gr t	21. gr t
22. b th	22. b th	22. b th	22. b th
23. fl	23. fl	23. fl	23. fl
24.s nk	24. s nk	24. s nk	24. s nk
25.r s	25. r s	25. r s	25. r s
26. d sk	26. d sk	26. d sk	26. d sk
27. p rk	27. prk	27. p rk	27. prk
28. fr t	28. fr t	∎ 28. fr t	28. fr t
29.t n	29.t n	29.t n	29.t n
30. n	30. n	30. n	30. n

MOST LIKELY WORDS FOR ITEMS 16-30: 16. shah**, shay, she, shy, show, shoo, shoe 17. lack, lick, lock, luck 18. hawk, hook, hike 19. chair, chair, cheer, chore 20. this, thaws, these, thighs**, those 21. grit, grate, great, great, groat, grout 22. bath, bathe, both, booth

chair, cheer, chore 20. this, thaws, these, thighs^^, those 21. grit, grate, great, great, great, grout 22. bath, bathe, both, booth 23. flaw, flay, flee, fly, flow, flew 24. sank, sink, sunk 25. rays, raise, rise, rose, rows, ruse, rues, rouse 26. desk, disk, dusk 27. park, perk, pork 28. frat, fret, frit, fraught**, freight**, fright**, fruit 29. tan, ten, tin, ton, teen, tone, tune, town 30. an, en, in, one, on, own ** = This word contains one or more silent consonant letters that are part of its vowel sound.

phonicfpelling Dyad "Information Gap" Initial Consonants I

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON A:

Complete *Items* 1-15 in COLUMN 1 by printing initial consonants *b*, *c*, *ch*, *d*, *f*, *g*, *h*, *j*, *k*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *p*, *q*(*u*), *r*, *s*, *sh*, *t*, *th*, *v*, *w*, *wh*, *y*, *z*—alone and/or in blended consonant clusters—on the lines before the given rimes—vowels (and final consonants). Create only *real* one-syllable *words*. Don't change any of the given letters. EXAMPLES: 1. <u>shack</u> 2. <u>frail</u> 3. <u>tall</u>

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If there are differences in spelling, figure out why.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON B:

Complete *Items* 1-15 in COLUMN 1 by printing initial consonants *b*, *c*, *ch*, *d*, *f*, *g*, *h*, *j*, *k*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *p*, *q*(*u*), *r*, *s*, *sh*, *t*, *th*, *v*, *w*, *wh*, *y*, *z*—alone and/or in blended consonant clusters—before the given rimes—vowels (and final consonants). Create only *real words* of one-syllable. Don't change any of the given letters. EXAMPLES: 1. <u>whack</u> 2. <u>mail</u> 3. <u>small</u>

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If there are differences in spelling, figure out why.

COL	umn 1	COLUMN 2		COLUMN 2
1	_ack	1ack	■ 1ack	1ack
2	_ail	2ail	2ail	2ail
3	_all	3all	■ 3all	3. <u>all</u>
4	_ame	4ame	4ame	4ame
5	_art	5art	5. art	5. <u>art</u>
6	en	6. <u>en</u>	6. <u></u> en	6. <u> </u>
7	_eat	7eat	7eat	7eat
8	ice	8ice	8ice	8ice
9	_ile	9ile	9ile	9ile
10	ing	10ing	10ing	10ing
11	ip	11ip	∎ 11ip	11ip
12	oat	12oat	12. <u>oat</u>	12oat
13. _	oil	13oil	∎ 13. <u>oil</u>	13oil
14.	ook	14ook	■ ¦ 14ook	14ook
15	ut	15ut	∎ 15ut	15ut
			·	`

MOST LIKELY WORDS FOR ITEMS 1-15: 1. back, black, crack, jack, lack, pack, rack, sack, snack, stack, track, tack 2. bail, fail, mail, nail, pail, sail, tail, trail 3. ball, call, fall, hall, tall, wall, small, stall 4. blame, came, dame, flame, game, name, same, shame 5. cart, chart, dart, part, smart, start 6. den, hen, men, pen, ten, then, when 6. beat, cheat, heat, meat, neat, seat, treat, wheat 8. mice, nice, rice, price, slice, splice, splice, twice 9. file, mile, pile, smile, tile, while 10. bling, bring, king, ring, sing, spring, sting, string, swing, thing, wing 11. chip, dip, drip, hip, lip, rip, sip, ship, skip, slip, tip, trip, zip 12. boat, coat, float, goat, moat, throat 13. boil, broil, coil, foil, soil, spoil, toil 14. book, brook, cook, nook, look, look, rook, took 15. but, cut, gut, jut, nut, put, rut, shut, strut

phonicspelling Dyad "Information Gap" Initial Consonants II

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON A:

Complete *Items 16-30* in COLUMN 1 by printing initial consonants *b*, *c*, *ch*, *d*, *f*, *g*, *h*, *j*, *k*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *p*, *q*(*u*), *r*, *s*, *sh*, *t*, *th*, *v*, *w*, *wh*, *y*, *z*—alone and/or in blended consonant clusters—on the lines before the given rimes—vowels (and final consonants). Create only *real* one-syllable *words*. Don't change any of the given letters. EXAMPLES: 1. <u>shack</u> 2. <u>frail</u> 3. <u>tall</u>

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If there are differences in spelling, figure out why.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON B:

Complete *Items 16-30* in COLUMN 1 by printing initial consonants *b*, *c*, *ch*, *d*, *f*, *g*, *h*, *j*, *k*, *l*, *m*, *n*, *p*, *q*(*u*), *r*, *s*, *sh*, *t*, *th*, *v*, *w*, *wh*, *y*, *z*—alone and/or in blended consonant clusters—before the given rimes—vowels (and final consonants). Create only *real words* of one-syllable. Don't change any of the given letters. EXAMPLES: 1. <u>whack</u> 2. <u>mail</u> 3. <u>small</u>

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If there are differences in spelling, figure out why.

COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2	COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2
16. <u>a</u> d	16ad	16ad	16ad
17. <u>ain</u>	17. <u>ain</u>	17. <u>ain</u>	17. <u>ain</u>
18. <u>ash</u>	18ash	18. <u>ash</u>	18ash ¦
19. <u>ate</u>	19. <u>ate</u>	19. <u>ate</u>	19ate
20. <u>ea</u>	20ea	20. <u>ea</u>	20ea
21. <u>ell</u>	21ell	21. <u>ell</u>	21ell
22. <u>end</u>	22end	22end	22end
23. <u>in</u>	23in	23in	23in
24. <u>ick</u>	24ick	24. <u>ick</u>	24ick
25ink	25ink	25ink	25ink
26. <u>ood</u>	26ood	26. <u>ood</u>	26. <u>ood</u>
27ор	27op	27. <u>op</u>	27ор
28. <u>ore</u>	28ore	28. <u>ore</u>	28ore
29. <u>out</u>	29out	2 9out	29out
30ow	30ow	30. <u>o</u> w	30ow
L———————————		B beessessesses	

MOST LIKELY WORDS FOR ITEMS 16-30: 16. bad, brad, cad, dad, fad, had, lad, mad, pad, guad, sad, tad 17. brain, chain, gain, grain, main, pain, plain, rain, slain, strain, train 18. bash, brash, cash, clash, crash, dash, mash, quash, rash, slash, stash, trash 19. crate, date, fate, gate, hate, late, mate, plate, skate, spate, state 20. flea, pea, plea, sea, tea 21. bell, cell, dell, fell, hell, guell, sell, shell, spell, swell, tell, well, yell 22. bend, blend, fend, lend, mend, send, spend, tend, trend 23. bin, chin, din, fin, gin, grin, pin, shin, sin, skin, spin, thin, tin, twin, win 24. flick, kick, lick, nick, pick, prick, quick, sick, slick, stick, thick, tick, trick, wick 25. blink, brink, drink, kink, link, mink, pink, rink, sink, stink, think, wink 26. [ūd] = blood, flood; [ödd] = good, hood, stood, wood; [ūd] = food, mood 27. cop, crop, drop, flop, hop, mop, pop, stop, top 28. bore, core, fore, chore, more, pore, sore, shore, store, tore, whore, wore 29. bout, clout, pout, scout, shout, sprout, sprout, trout 30. [ō] = blow, bow, crow, flow, low, mow, row, show, snow, sow, stow, throw, tow; [ou] = bow, brow, cow, how, now, plow, pow, row, sow, wow

phonicspelling Dyad "Information Gap" Final Consonants

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON A:

Complete *Items* 1-12 in COLUMN 1 by printing final consonants like -b; -c(e), -ch, -ck, -ct; -d(ge); -f, -ft; -g(e); -k; -l(l), -ld, -lf, -lk, -lm, -lt, -lth; -m, -mp; -n, -nch, -nd, -ng(e), -nk, -nt; -p, -pt; -r, -rb, -rch, -rd, -rf, -rl, -rm, -rn, -rp, -rt, -sh, -sk, -st, -t, -tch, -th; -v(e); -x; -z(e)—alone, in consonant clusters, and/or with silent letters**—on the lines after (initial consonants and) vowels. Create only *real* onesyllable words. Don't change any of the given letters. EXAMPLES: 1. badge 2. watch 3. fair 4. male 5. health

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If the letters differ, figure out why. (Were there mistakes in pronunciation, comprehension, spelling, or what?)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PERSON B:

Complete *Items* 1-12 in COLUMN 1 by printing final consonants like -b; -c(e), -ch, -ck, -ct; -d(ge); -f, -ft; -g(e); -k; -l(l), -ld, -lf, -lk, -lm, -lt, -lth; -m, -mp; -n, -nch, -nd, -ng(e), -nk, -nt; -p, -pt; -r, -rb, -rch, -rd, -rf, -rl, -rm, -rn, -rp, -rt, -sh, -sk, -st, -t, -tch, -th; -v(e); -x; -z(e)—alone, in consonant clusters, and/or with silent letters**—on the lines after (initial consonants and) vowels. Create only *real* onesyllable *words*. Don't change any of the given letters. EXAMPLES: 1. ba<u>rge</u> 2. wa<u>lk</u>** 3. fai<u>nt</u> 4. ma<u>z</u>e 5. hea<u>rt</u>

Read aloud your words to a partner, who will put the missing letters in his/her COLUMN 2. Compare the words in your COLUMN 1 to those in his/her COLUMN 2.

Listen to your partner's COLUMN 1 words. Write the missing letters in your COLUMN 2. If the letters differ, figure out why. (Were there mistakes in pronunciation, comprehension, spelling, or what?)

COLUMN 1	COLUMN 2		IN 1 COLUMN 2
1. ba	1. ba	1. ba_	1. ba
2. wa	2. wa	2. wa_	2. wa
3. fai	3. fai	3. fai	3. fai
4. mae	4. mae	∎ 4. ma_	e 4. mae
5. hea	5. hea	5. hea_	5. hea
6. ki	6. ki	∎ 6. ki	6. ki
7. fie	7. fie	7. fie	7. fie
8. ri <u></u> e	8. ri <u></u> e	∎ [¦] 8. ri	
9. ро	9. ро	■ 9. po	9. ро
10. cou	10. cou	10. cou	u 10. cou
11. ru	11. ru	■ 11. ru_	11. ru
12. cu <u></u> e	12. cue	12. cu_	e 12. cue

 Most Likely Words For Items 1-12: 1. back, bad, badge, bag, bald, ball, balk**, balm**, ban, band, bank, bar, barb, bard, barf, barge, barn, bash, bash, bask, baste, bat, bath
 2. wack, wad, wag, wall, walk**, want, war, ward, warm, warn, warp, wart, was, wasp, wash, watch, watt, wax

 3. fail, fair, faint, faith
 4. mace, made, male, mane, mare, mare, mare, mare
 5. head, heal, health, heap, hear, heard, hearse, heart, heath, heave

 6. kick, kid, kill, kill, kill, kin, kind, king, kink, kip, kiss, kit
 7. fief, field, fiend, fierce
 8. rice, ride, ridge, rife, rige, rise, rise, rite

 9. pock, pod, poll, pomp, pond, pork, porn, port, post, post, pos, pot, pox
 10. couch, cough, could**, count, court, course, couth

NOTE: Without changing the number of syllables, many of these words can take the grammatical endings –(e)s or –(e)d—with or without additional spelling changes (EXAMPLES: bags, balls, bands, banned, bastes, failed, mates, hearts). Also, final silent –e may be required after some consonants—even after oneletter, "simple" vowel sounds—at word end (EXAMPLES: done, badge, plaque, fence, twelve, hinge, pulse, love, bounce).